- 1. Remove all organic material (bedding, manure, nasal secretions, uneaten feed, dirt, etc) with dry cleaning. Manure on wheelbarrow tires, boots, on trailers and stall mats should be given particular attention. Organic materials should be placed in contained areas identified for infectious materials, not in open air manure pits and not spread on pastures.
- 2. Scrub all stall areas and walkways, trailers and equipment with a detergent solution. Buckets, hay nets, feed tubs, grates, webbings and tack should be cleaned. Properly dispose of all equipment that cannot be cleaned (brushes, sponges).
- 3. Rinse areas and equipment thoroughly and allow to completely dry. Launder all cloth items. Clean boots and hands before and after cleaning and disinfecting activities. Consider using disposable gloves, booties and aprons while cleaning and change between barn areas.
- 4. Once clean, thoroughly spray or soak all equipment and environmental surfaces with disinfectant following label directions. A 1:10 bleach:water solution can be used. Alternatively, accelerated peroxide products (Accel, Virkon*) or phenolic compounds (1 Stoke Environ or SynPhenol 3*) may be more effective in areas where organic material cannot be completely eliminated.
- *The use of brand names is for example purposes only and does not constitute endorsement by the North Dakota Department of Agriculture over other products not mentioned.